Linked Open Data & Europeana

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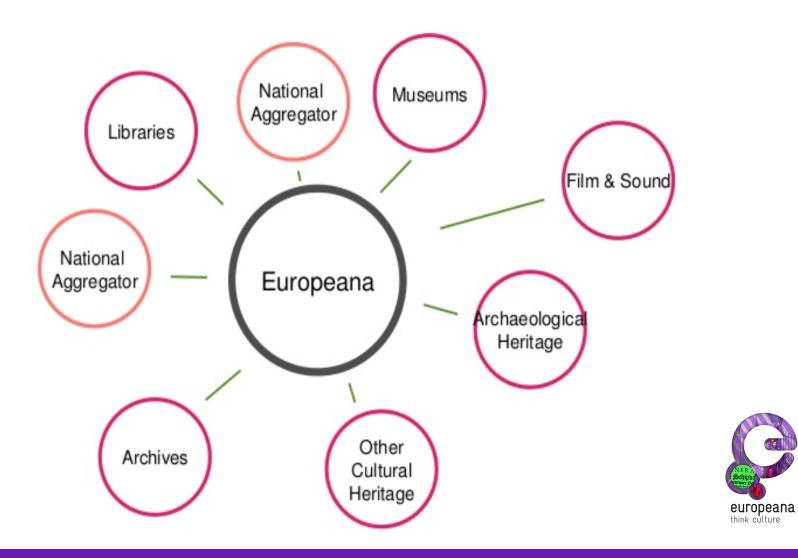


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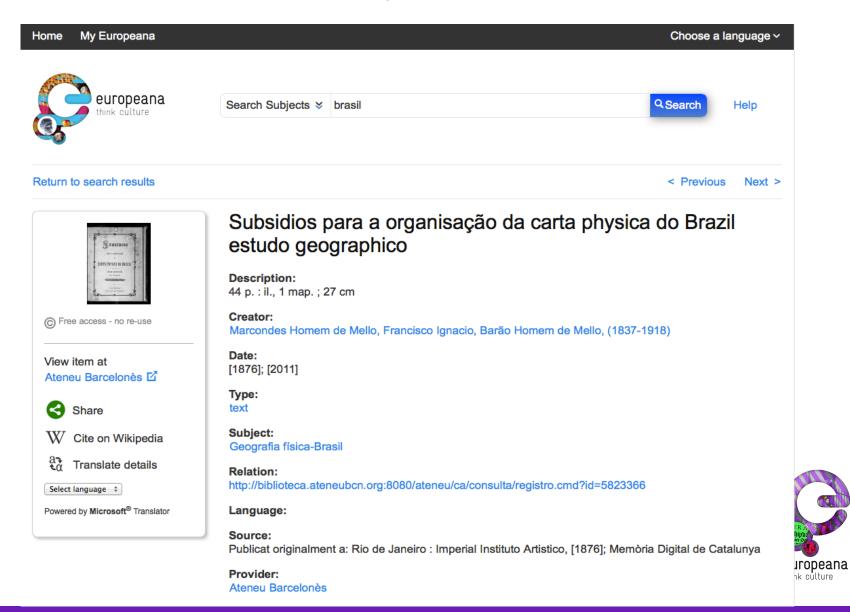
Europeana

- Started in 2007
 - Cluster of projects funded by EU
- 32,698,244 information objects (as of August 2014)
 - Paints, maps, drawings, photographs, music, books, newspapers, journals, diaries...
- 31 languages
- More than 2,300 data contributors
- 4m unique visitors came to the Europeana website in the 2013

Europeana

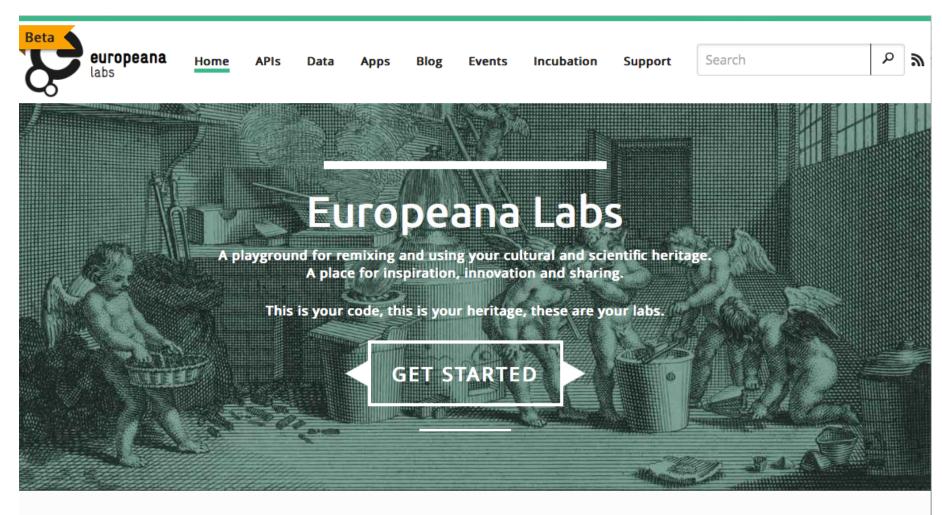


europeana.eu



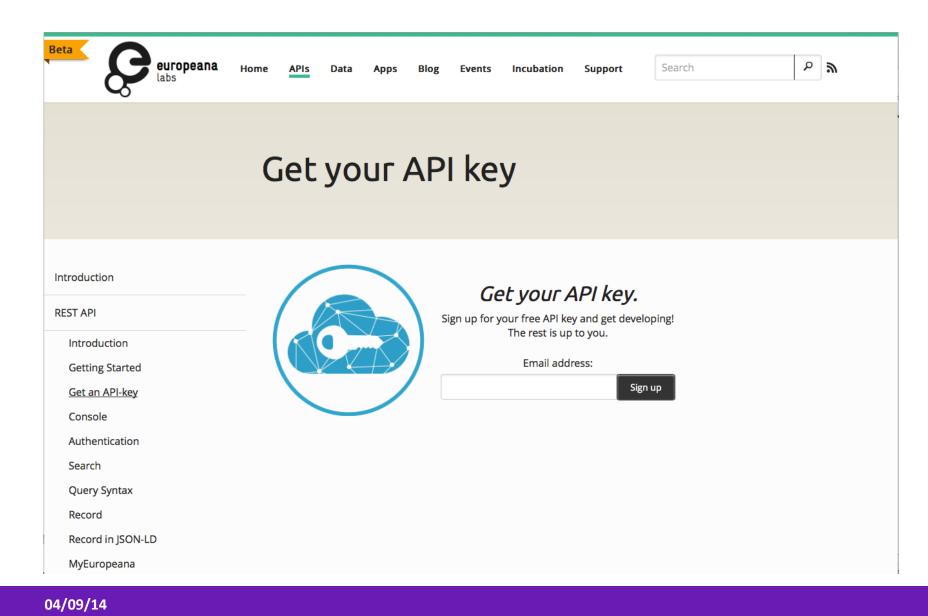
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http://labs.europeana.eu

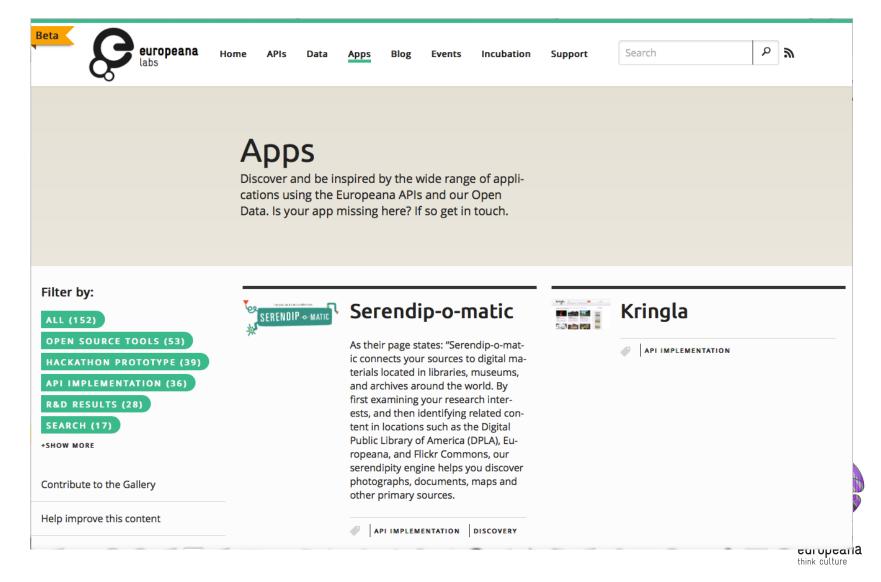


think culture

Europeana API



Europeana Apps



Linked Data

- Semantic web "a web of data that can be processed directly and indirectly by machines" Tim Berners-Lee
- Linked Data is a set of principles and technologies providing a publishing paradigm for sharing and reusing data on the Web



Linked Data design issues (T.B. Lee)

- 1. Use URIs to denote things.
- Use HTTP URIs so that these things can be referred to and looked up ("dereferenced") by people and user agents.
- 3. Provide useful information about the thing when its URI is dereferenced, leveraging standards such as RDF, SPARQL.
- 4. Include links to other related things (using their URIs) when publishing data on the Web.



Linked Data simple rules (T.B. Lee, TED 2009)

- 1. All kinds of conceptual things, they have names now that start with HTTP.
- 2. I get important information back. I will get back some data in a standard format which is kind of useful data that somebody might like to know about that thing, about that event.
- 3. I get back that information it's not just got somebody's height and weight and when they were born, it's got relationships. And when it has relationships, whenever it expresses a relationship then the other thing that it's related to is given one of those names that starts with HTTP.



Linked Data & Europeana

- Europeana goal is to provide integrated access to digital objects of the cultural heritage organizations of all the nations of the European Union
- Linked data can enable the use of digital representations of cultural artifacts for generating knowledge



Linked Data & Europeana

- Issues preventing the adoption of the LD paradigm from the beginning of Europeana:
 - lack of metadata expressed in RDF
 - missing links to other sources
 - missing data provider agreements

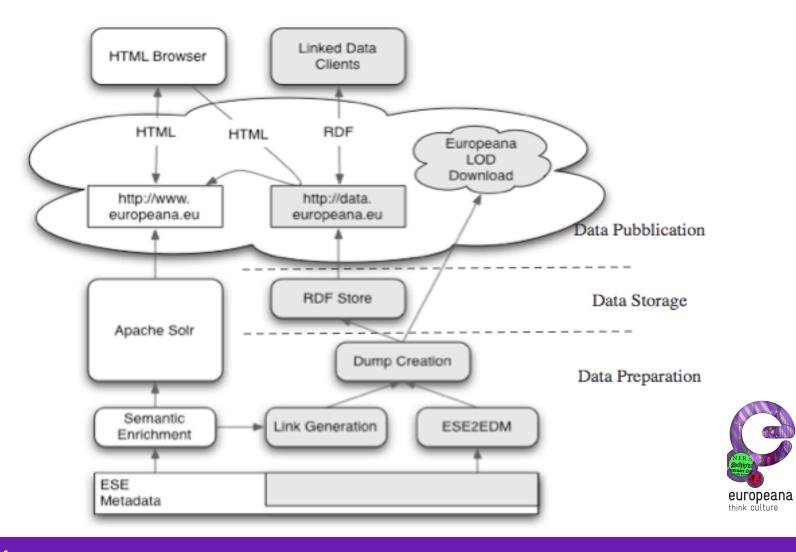


The Europeana Linked Data Pilot

- The Europeana Linked Data Pilot server:
 - Decoupled from the Europeana portal
 - Datasets contains EDM records
 - converting ESE record to EDM structured records
 - Datasets contain collections of institutions which signed the Europeana Data Exchange Agreement (http://pro.europeana.eu/licensing)



Europeana LD server overall architecture



Europeana LD Server: overall approach

- Convert Europeana Semantic Element (ESE) metadata into RDF/XML EDM metadata records
 - XML stylesheets, using XSLT 1.0
- Enrich selected metadata fields using controlled vocabularies
 - Annocultur tool (developed at Europeana foundation)
- Link to existing LOD services maintained by Europeana partners (National Library of Hungary, Swedish culture aggregator...)
- Publish the datasets
 - File dump download, RDF triple store



ESE & EDM

- ESE based on unqualified DC + specific fields (e.g. dataProvider)
 - Main issues: *flat* model, values as string, in the same metadata record values belonging to different entities
- EDM designed to open the Europeana information space
 - Key features: distinguish 'real word objects' from their digital representations, allow several description for one item, support for complex item representation, re-use and links to existing reference vocabulary reference
 - EDM solves ESE shortcomings



ESE: record example

1 . 1			
dc:identifier	02-Lemba-Lakkous-Lady.tif		
dc:title	Stone figurine		
dc:subject	CyprusAntiquities		
dc:description	Stone vessel from Choirokoitia with emobssed		
xml:lang="en"	decoration.		
dc:publisher	Cyprus Archaeological Museum		
dc:type	Image		
dc:format	image/tiff		
dcterms:temporal	mid 3rd millenium B.C.		
dc:rights	Cyprus Archaeological Museum		
dc:title	Λίθινο ειδώλιο		
dc:description	Λίθινο ειδώλιο από τη θέση Λέμπα		
europeana:provider	Cyprus Library		
europeana:type	IMAGE		
europeana:rights	http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/ nl/		
europeana:dataProvider	Cyprus Archaeological Museum		
europeana:isShownBy	http://www.mcw.gov.cy/mcw/da/da.nsf/All/		
	8308A7AB9CA6CB5EC22574CC003FF5E1/\$fil		
	e/02-Lemba-Lakkous-Lady.jpg?OpenElement		
europeana:uri	http://www.europeana.eu/resolve/record/00		
	000/E2AAA3C6DF09F9FAA6F951FC4C4A9CC		
	80B5D4154		
europeana:country	cyprus		
europeana:language	gr		

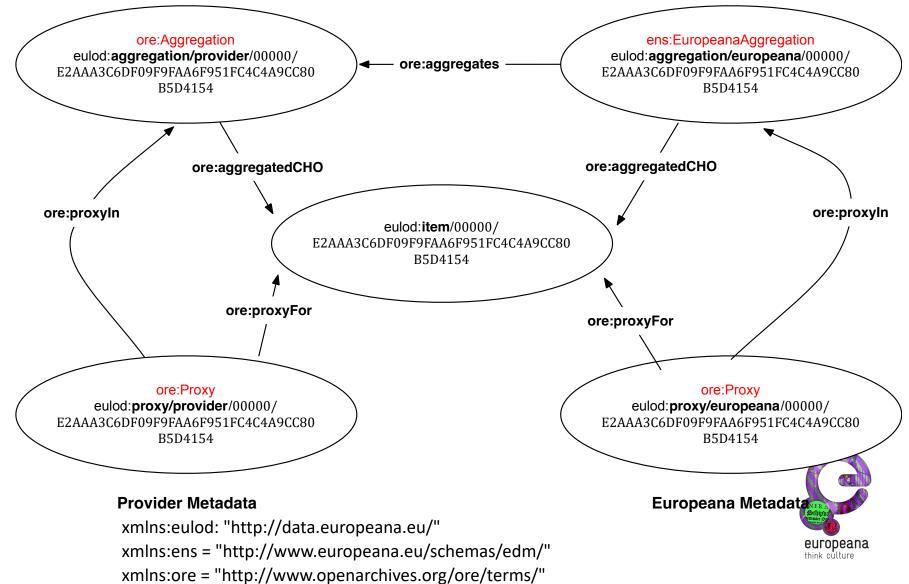


ESE2EDM

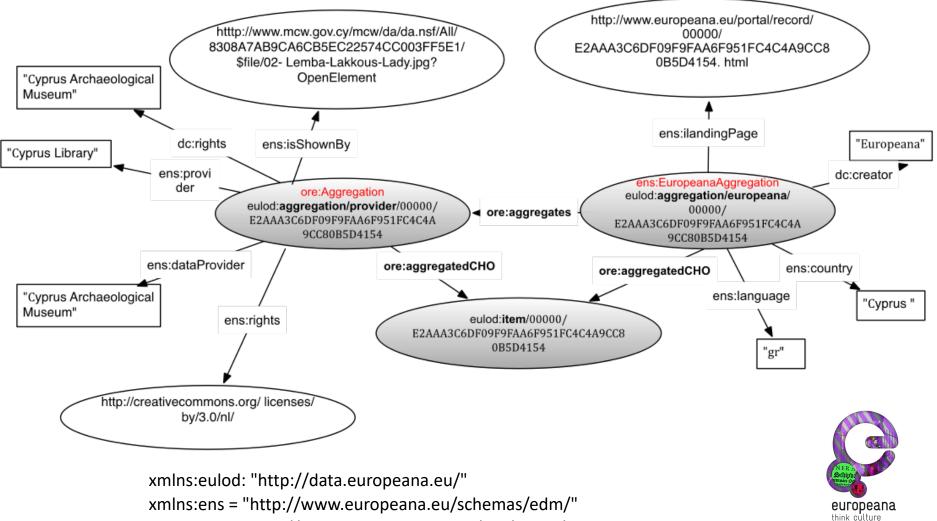
- The ESE2EDM mapping procedure does:
 - create the EDM entities (items, aggregations, proxies, etc)
 - assign dereferencable URI id to entities
 - add metadata fields to entities



EDM skeleton example



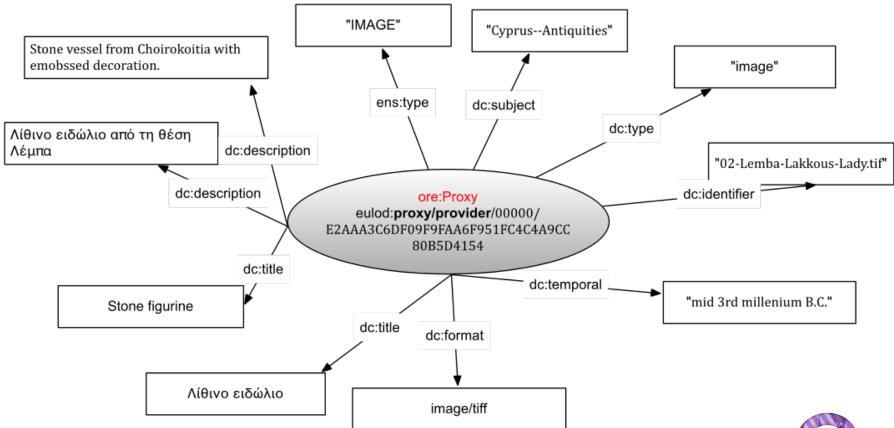
EDM aggregations example



xmlns:ore = "http://www.openarchives.org/ore/terms/"

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EDM proxy example



xmlns:eulod: "http://data.europeana.eu/"
xmlns:ens = "http://www.europeana.eu/schemas/edm/"
xmlns:ore = "http://www.openarchives.org/ore/terms/"



EDM metadata enrichment

- Metadata enrichment is performed by matching values of selected metadata fields with labels of resources from controlled vocabularies
 - Geonames gazetter, GEMET, DBPedia
 - E.g.: ens:country="Cyprus" becomes ens:country=http://www.geonames.org/146669/ and additionals fields are added for labels, geo coordinates etc.
- Metadata fields produced in semantic enrichment are attached to Europeana's proxy

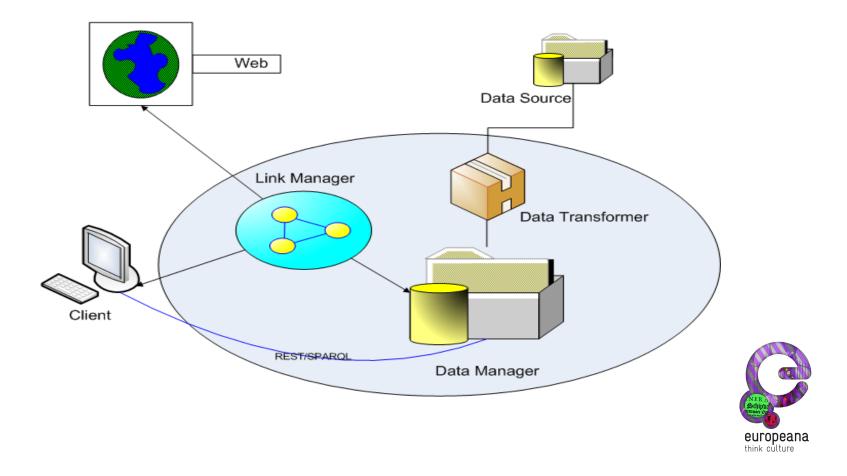


ESE2EDM: lessons learned

- ESE records are lists of property value pairs while EDM data are networked resource
 - identify the target EDM resource for a given ESE property
- Complex network of resources not easy to 'consume'
 - feedback from data consumers
- Enhance navigability between resources
 - Advanced RDF store configuration, new properties
- Disseminating meta-level information (provenance, licensing...):
 - Linked Data framework lacks a standardized suite to express such information
- URI design



LD server implementing architecture



Europeana LD Server: data publishing

- Implemented by a Web Server and by a library of Java servlets
- The Web Server receives a request and redirect it to
 - the download area, if a dump file is requested,
 - the servlets library, if a resource is requested.



Linked Data: URI dereferencing strategies

- Two implementation approaches:
 - The 303 URIs: if the server recognizes that the URI identify a real object or an abstract concept, it sends to the client a HTTP response code "303 See Other" and a link to a web document describing the resource, the client then asks for this document
 - The hash URIs: the fragment identifier of a URI (the part of a URI that follows the # symbol) is used to identify realworld objects and abstract concepts, without creating ambiguity.

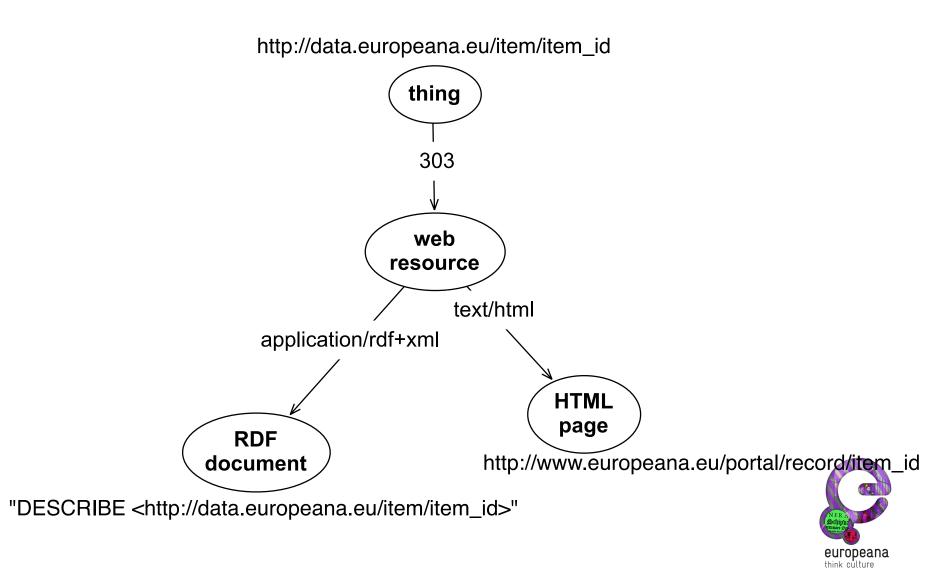


Europeana LD Server: URI dereferencing

- The servlets implement the 303 URIs dereference strategy.
- The implementation algorithm is based on the HTTP serverdriven content negotiation mechanism, which enables HTTP clients and servers to negotiate a possible response to a specific request.
 - HTTP "Accept" header



Europeana LD Server: URI dereference



Dereferening:

http://data.europeana.eu/item/2022109/648CDD89BF914AE7EB9429E0A8F0246A21F98F6F



cesare.isti.cnr.it





HEAD

Location:

303

/data/item/2022109/648CDD89BF914AE7EB9429E0A8F0246A21F98F6F Accept: application/rdf+xml User-Agent: cesare.isti.cnr.it

200

Content-type: application/rdf+xml;charset=UTF-8 Vary: Accept



http://data.europeana.eu/data/item/2022109/648CDD89BF914AE7EB9429E0A8F0246A21F98F6Eata.europeana.eu

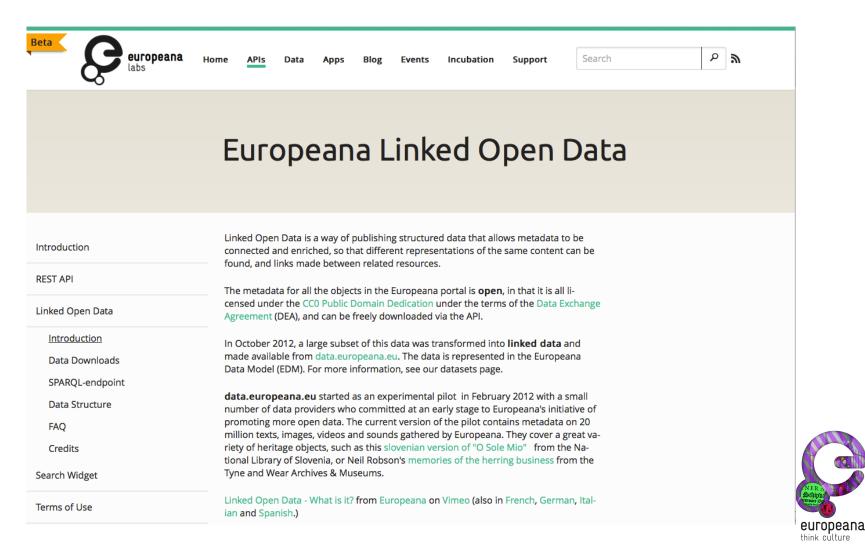


Europeana LOD server

- The Europeana Linked Open Data server currently publishes more than 22m
 - Records belonging to providers, who want to make their data available on the web
- The LOD server is separated from the Europeana production server
 - http://data.europeana.eu



data.europeana.eu



Europeana SPARQL endpoint (experimental)

Forest	SPARQL	Search	Full	I 🔹 Search			Login	
			europe think cut	eana	uropeana.eu			
	Welcome on the SPARQL end-point of data.europeana.eu!							
			and sounds gathered CC0 public domain Framework (RDF) for	by Europeana. The data dedication. The data is rmat, and structured us	netadata on 20 million texts, images, videos a follows the terms of the Creative Commons a described using the Resource Description sing the Europeana Data Model (EDM). We data at the technical details page.			
Please take the time to check out the list of collections currently included in the pilot.								
	The terms of use and external data sources appearing at data.europeana.eu are provided on the Europeana Data sources page.							
Sample queries are available on the sparql page.								
Repository overview								
			Engine: OWLIM SE Cultural Heritage Ot From: http://data.eur Inference ruleset: ov Number of entities: 2	opeana.eu/download/2.0 wl-horst-optimized	Version: 5.3 Data version: 2.0 / Last update:14-Sep-2012 Number of expl. statements: 998,471,854 Number of statements: 3,798,446,742			

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Build Timestamp: 2014-07-29 14:06:32 Build Revision: 5714

Querying the Europeana LoD dataset with SPARQL:creash course



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Simple Protocol and RDF Query Language (SPARQL)

- A query language for databases, able to retrieve and manipulate data stored in Resource Description Framework (RDF) format. (Wikipedia)
- W3C Recommendation since 2008, last version 1.1 (March 2013)
- SPARQL lets us translate LD's interlinked, graph data into other more readable formats, for instance a normalized, tabular data



SPARQL Query

- A SPARQL query comprises, in order:
 - Prefix declarations, for abbreviating URIs
 - Dataset definition, stating what RDF graph(s) are being queried
 - A result clause, identifying what information to return from the query
 - The query pattern, specifying what to query for in the underlying dataset
 - Query modifiers, slicing, ordering, and otherwise rearranging query results



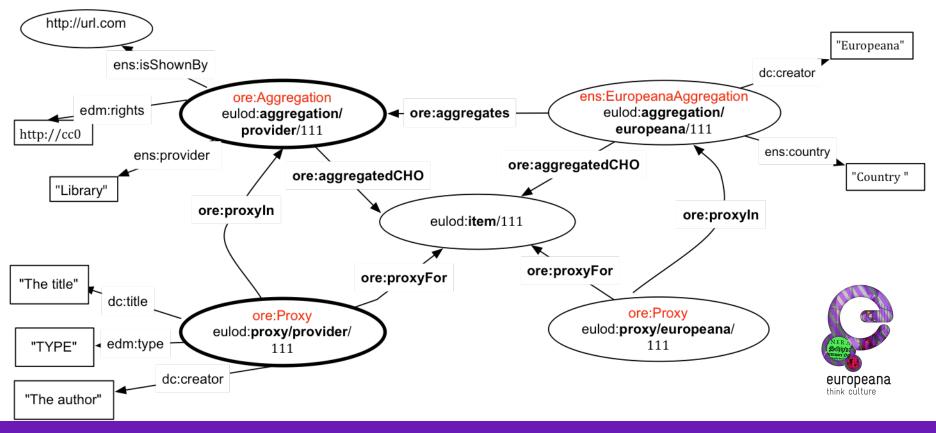
SPARQL Queries

- The results of SPARQL queries can be returned and/or rendered in a variety of formats:
 - XML. SPARQL specifies an XML vocabulary for returning tables of results.
 - JSON. A JSON "port" of the XML vocabulary, particularly useful for Web applications.
 - CSV/TSV. Simple textual representations ideal for importing into spreadsheets
 - RDF. Certain SPARQL result clauses trigger RDF responses, which in turn can be serialized in a number of ways (RDF/XML, N-Triples, Turtle, etc.)
 - HTML. When using an interactive form to work with SPARQL queries.
 Often implemented by applying an XSL transform to XML results.

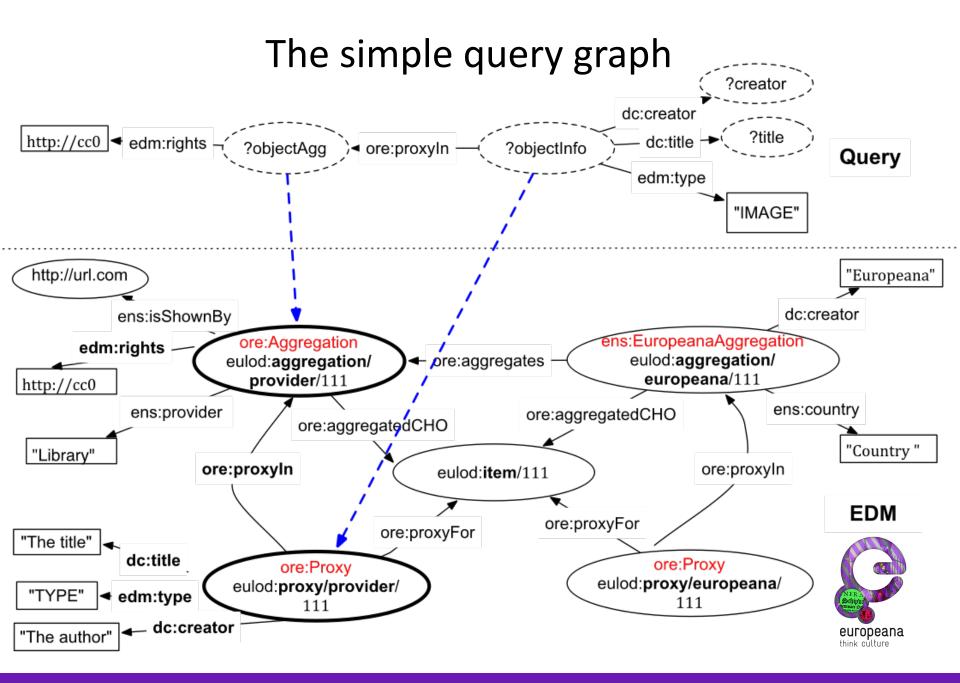


A simple query

• We want all images with CC0 license having a title and a creator.



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The data model: Prefixes

Prefixes

a http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type cc: http://creativecommons.org/ns# data:http://data.europeana.eu/ dc: http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/ dct: http://purl.org/dc/terms/ edm: http://purl.org/dc/terms/ edm: http://www.europeana.eu/schemas/edm/ eu: http://www.europeana.eu/ foaf: http://www.europeana.eu/ foaf: http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/ html: http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml/vocab# ore: http://www.openarchives.org/ore/terms/

• We'll be using these prefixes for our query:

PREFIX dc:	<http: 1.1="" dc="" elements="" purl.org=""></http:>			
PREFIX edm:	<http: edm="" schemas="" www.europeana.eu=""></http:>			
PREFIX ore:	<http: ore="" terms="" www.openarchives.org=""></http:>			



The query

PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
PREFIX edm: <http://www.europeana.eu/schemas/edm/>
PREFIX ore: <http://www.openarchives.org/ore/terms/>

SELECT ?creator ?title

WHERE {

?objectInfo dc:title ?title .

?objectInfo dc:creator ?creator .

?objectInfo edm:type "IMAGE" .

?objectInfo ore:proxyIn ?objectAgg .

?objectAgg edm:rights <http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>



}

SPARQL query example

• How many images in the dataset for every specific license provided by each data contributor

PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> PREFIX edm: <http://www.europeana.eu/schemas/edm/> PREFIX ore: <http://www.openarchives.org/ore/terms/> SELECT ?edmrights ?provider (COUNT(*) as ?count) WHERE {

```
?objectAgg edm:provider ?provider .
```

?objectAgg edm:rights ?edmrights .

?objectInfo ore:proxyIn ?objectAgg .

```
?objectInfo edm:type "IMAGE" .
```

```
}
```

GROUP BY ?edmrights ?provider ORDER BY DESC(?count)



Europeana LoD server: data access

Publishing method	File Transfer	REST/SPARQL	HTTP/GET
Data published			
Complete	Download	N.A.	N.A.
dataset	dataset dump		
Collection of	Download	SPARQL 'Select'	N.A.
resources	collection(s)	query	
	dump		
Single resource	N.A.	SPARQL 'De-	URI dereference
		scribe' query	



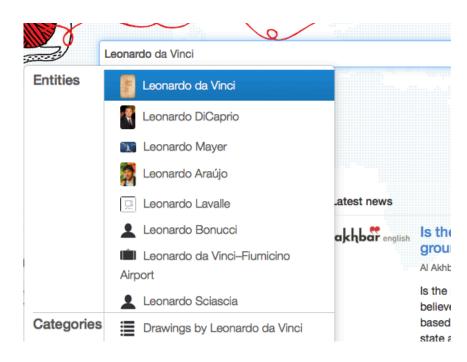
Current activities

- Distribute the whole Europeana dataset
 - Agreements with content providers
- Challenges:
 - Licensing: 64% (as of June 2013) of metadata records does not have clear info about content license
 - Improve metadata record quality
 - Optimizing data for reuse
 - Improve the LOD server performances



Future activities: Europeana Entity search

- Exploit Lod server in order to enable users to write queries by using *entities*
 - Entity Linking (EL)

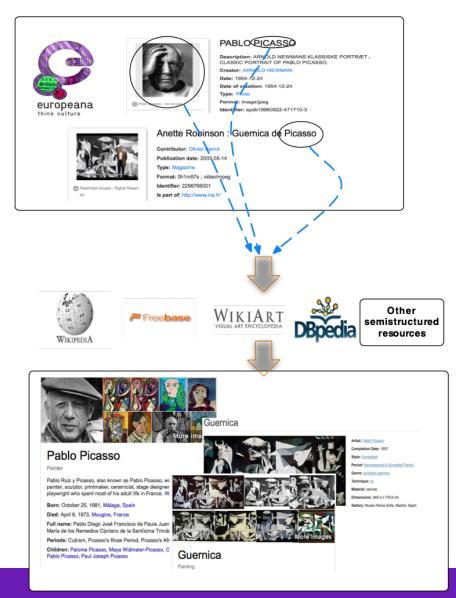




Future activity: Europeana Entity search

- The Europeana dataset is processed in order to individuate entities, relevant for the collection. Entities will be collected with different techniques:
 - a. Exploiting the semantic annotations of Europeana
 - b. Using Named Entities Recognition and Disambiguation techniques
- For every entity the system will collect specific information from several controlled sources (Wikipedia, DBpedia, Freebase, WikiArt...),
 - Defined set of fields
- The resulting dataset is processed to create a consistent and networked 'collection' of entities

Future activity: Europeana Entity search





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Thank you

- <u>http://data.europeana.eu</u>
- Dataset dump download area:
 - <u>http://labs.europeana.eu/api/linked-open-data/data-downloads/</u>
- Aknowledgment: the ESE2EDM mapping approach has been designed by Antoine Isaac and Bernhard Haslhofer

